

Post – Traumatic Stress Disorder and Its Relationship to Enuresis in Children

**Dr. Kamal Yousef Ballan
Faculty of Education
Damascus University**

Abstract

This study aimed to:

- Clarification the relationship between post –traumatic stress disorder (P.T.S.D.) and enuresis not caused by medical condition in children.
- Investigate the relationship between post –traumatic stress disorder (P.T.S.D.) and age level in children.
- Examine differences in post –traumatic stress disorder (P.T.S.D.) according to sex.
- Investigate the relationship between enuresis and age level in children.
- Examine differences in enuresis according to sex.

The community contained (72) Iraqi child (male and female), who live in Syria. Their age ranged between (6-10) years. They had already checked with The Red Crescent Center (Advisory) in Damascus, and The Red Crescent Center in Jaramana. The researcher excluded children who hadn't been shocked. The sample contained at the end

(40)child (23 males and 17 females).

Post – Traumatic Stress Disorder Scale (Prepared by Al-Sheikh, 2010).

Clinical Assessment Form for Enuresis in children, which is used in The Red Crescent Center (Advisory) in Damascus.

Results:

1. There is a statistical significant relationship between post –traumatic stress disorder (P.T.S.D.) and enuresis in children.
2. There is no statistical significant relationship between post –traumatic stress disorder (P.T.S.D.) and age level in children.
3. There is no statistical significant relationship between enuresis and age level in children.
4. There are no statistical significant differences in post –traumatic stress disorder (P.T.S.D.) according to sex.
5. There are no statistical significant differences in enuresis according to sex .

For the paper in Arabic see pages (199-233)