
دراسة تأثير الحمية عالية ومنخفضة الدهون
في اختبار تحمل الجلوكوز

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الملخص

.RIA C ELISA Enzyme Linked Immunosorbent Assay

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Study The Effect Of High And Low Fat Diet On Glucose Tolerance Test

Ghada Al- Akhrass*

Abstract

The aim of this study was to investigate the effect of high and low fat diets on glucose tolerance test on healthy human beings. The study was carried out on 18 volunteers (subjects), their ages between 23-31 years with an average body weight. They were receiving reasonable amount of fat in their normal food, they were divided into two groups. The first group ate a low fat diet providing less than 30g of fat per day for nine days. After fifteen days period on their usual dietary regimen the volunteers ate a high fat diet for nine days. The second group of volunteers were maintained on a reversed dietary regimen, i.e. high fat before low fat diet. This second group was carefully assessed beforehand to ensure only those whose fat intake was usually less than 130g of fat.

All volunteers were weighed throughout the study. Three meals were given to each volunteer. Blood samples were collected from overnight fasting subjects on the ninth day of high and low fat diets. All the subjects were given 75 g of glucose in 250 ml of water. Blood samples were collected into heparinized tubes at 30, 60, 90, 120, 150, 180, 210 min.

Immediately centrifuged and aliquoted. Plasma was stored at -20°C until assayed. Triglycerides and glucose levels were assayed enzymatically and insulin levels were determined by using Enzyme Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA). C-peptide levels were measured using Radio-immuno Assay (RIA).

There was no significant difference between their weights. Plasma triglycerides levels were significantly different $P < 0.005$ on two diets.

Plasma insulin levels were not significantly different after oral glucose on two diets. The plasma C-peptide levels were significantly elevated at 150 min. after oral glucose on low fat compared with the high fat diet $P < 0.025$.

Correlation of insulin and C-peptide levels between 60-210 min. after oral glucose load was obtained. The plasma glucose levels were statistically similar

On both dietary regimens following oral glucose. It was noted that the high fat diet reduces the glucose tolerance test on healthy subject.

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(Keen 1994 ,
Sachs 1993)
(Pagano
et al 1996, Chung et al 1995)

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decreased responsiveness

combined binding and post

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(Yamashita) (1976

Grundleger 1996, Bar et al 1976, Olefsky 1976
Moller et al 1982, Lavan et al 1979)
(et al 1993, .

.(Chung et al 1995, Kono et al 1971)

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(Grundleger et al 1982)

Moller et al 1993, Grundleger et al)
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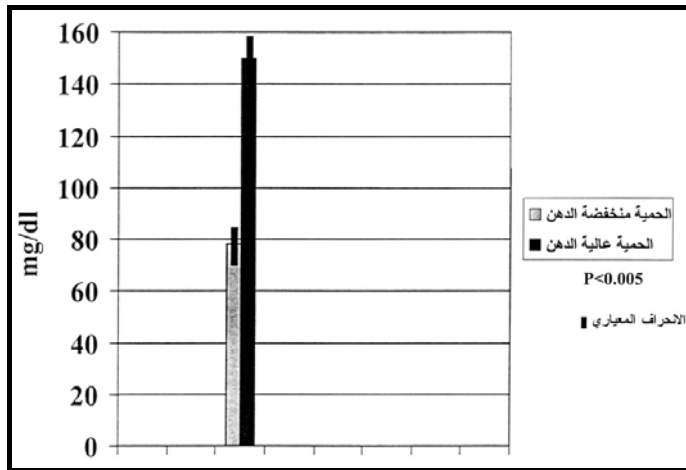
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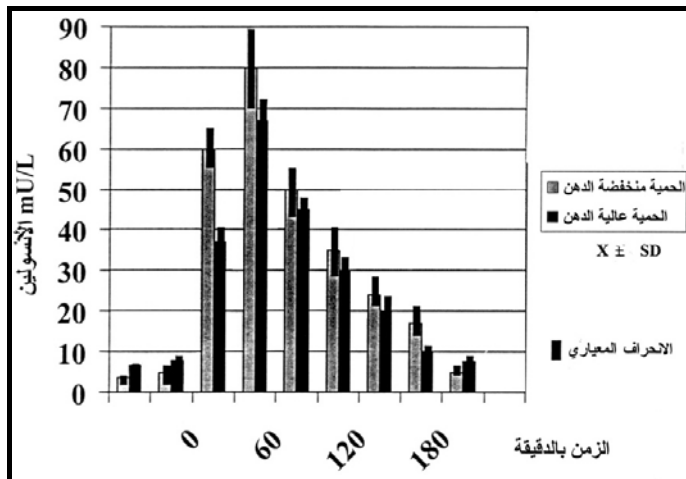
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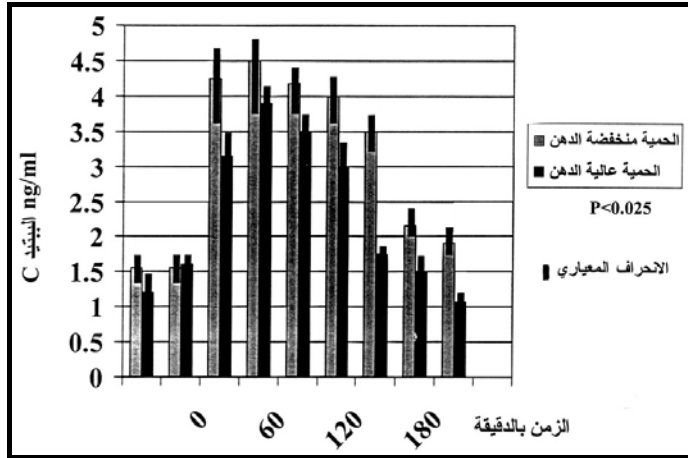
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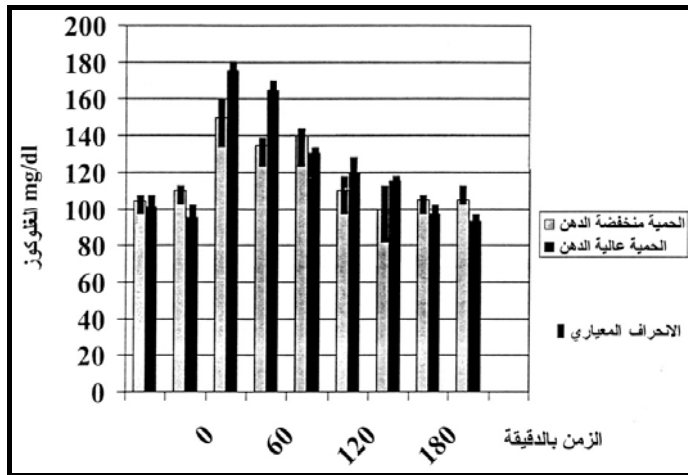


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