

## Published Researches الأبحاث المنشورة



Agranding of Medical Engineering	الأبحاث المنشورة الم
Title عنوان البحث	Developing Synchronized Data Fusion in Multi-Sensor Systems تطوير دمج البيانات المتزامنة في النظم متعددة عناصر التحسس
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Abstractخلاصة	Research Background:  The need to reduce the uncertainty in the studied environments such as automated target recognition, guidance and control of autonomous vehicles, monitoring of complex machinery, medical diagnosis, and smart buildings, called for the use of a large number of sensors instead of one sensor, and in order to describe the studied case, we considered the fusion of the output of these sensors, thus studying the sensor data fusion systems  When fusing data from multiple multi-sensor element systems, the problem of working in real time has arisen, as a result of their adoption of the serial fusion mechanism, regardless of the number of levels of fusion. This causes delay in processing, and the inability to distinguish correct data, leading to non-accurate or non-reliable evaluation description of the situation or the studied case.  The Research Objective:  The research aims to development of a data fusion model, which reduces the time of the fusion process by separating the two phases of fusion and conducting them simultaneously (initial data fusion -secondary data fusion) for more than two sensors, and filtering abnormal readings resulting from a defect in reading information and its transmission, which provides the possibility to evaluate the studied state (or situation) in real time.  Resources and Methods:  The research method was used in our study using Matlab(2016a) to simulate the proposed data fusion model and Intelligence Cycle Model, and using Visual Studio software 2019 to generate random samples for the testing process of the two models.  Conclusion and Practical Results:  we compared the performance of the proposed model with the Intelligence Cycle model and make sure that the data collected from the two models accurate. We also verified the effectiveness of the proposed model by implementing it in a suggested health diagnosed software application. Our proposed model achieved higher and faster performance and describing the studied.  **Croam Full Carlot Compared Carlot Carlot Carlot Ca