

Published Researches الأبحاث المنشورة



Crectrical Engineer	ascus Univer
Title عنو ان البحث	A NOVEL APPROACH TO DETECT ELDERLY FALL WITH DEEP LEARNING TECHNIQUES طريقة جديدة لكشف سقوط كبار السن بواسطة تقنيات التعلم العميق
Author الناشر	Ammar Aldaqkaq Mohamed Mazen Almahayri Rash Masoud م.عمار الدقاق د.م. محمد مازن المحايري د.م. رشا مسعود
Source Title اسم المجلة	Journal of AL Baath University مجلة جامعة البعث
ISSN	1022-467X
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Link رابط البحث من موقع المجلة	
Abstractخلاصة	Many elderly people are exposed to the risk of falling on the ground, which may have a severe impact on their health. As it may begin with a fracture in the pelvis, or it may end in his death. In this paper we present a new method that depends on deep learning techniques to process the video of a camera installed at elder's home. the proposed method can detect the falling on the ground, call for help if necessary. This method has reached a high accuracy of 98.6% based on our results. """ """ """ """ """ """ """



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Electrical Engineer	mascus Univer
Title عنو ان البحث	A NEW APPROACH FOR HUMAN FALL DETECTION BY USING A CONVOLUTIONAL NEURAL NETWORK طريقة جديدة لكشف سقوط الإنسان باستخدام الشبكة العصبونية الالتفافية
Author الناشر	Ammar Aldaqkaq Mohamed Mazen Almahayri Rash Masoud م.عمار الدقاق د.م. محمد مازن المحايري د.م. رشا مسعود
Source Title اسم المجلة	Damascus University Journal for The Engineering Sciences مجلة جامعة دمشق للعلوم الهندسية
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Abstract خلاصة	The prevalence of artificial intelligence techniques in the last decade, and the widespread of surveillance cameras, have contributed to the classification of human motions. Especially those that may have a negative impact on their health, and may, in worst cases, lead to their death. In this paper we have introduced a new method, called STTFI, that extracts a person's silhouette with spatial and temporal characteristics representing the motions and its quantities such as previous methods (MHI, BMI, ITMI). But it also represents the spatial and temporal characteristics of static poses that person passes during a fall. Then it has been used with a low-depth convolution neural network using learning transfer technique to classify the event as fall or not fall. The method gave results that outperformed most previous studies in accuracy, and some in sensitivity. the accuracy of this method is 99.02%, sensitivity 100%, and specificity 98.73%. Which is a sensitivity of the accuracy of this method is 99.02%, sensitivity 100%, and specificity 98.73%. Sensitivity 100%, and specificity 100%. Sensitivity