

CV

Name: Ayman Ali

Date of birth: 12/02/1965

Nationality: Syrian

Sex: male

E-mail address: ayman-ali65@hotmail.com, ayman.ali@damascusuniversity.edu.sy



Tel: +963944661008 (mobile)

2005 – present: Associate professor, Damascus university, Faculty of Medicine, Department of Internal Medicine – Division of Gastroenterology

Work at Al-Assad University Hospital in Damascus

Work at private clinic

2000-2005: Assistant professor, Damascus university, Faculty of Medicine, Department of Internal Medicine – Division of Gastroenterology

1994-1999: Scientific Program in Gastroenterology - Universitaetklinikum Essen, Gastroenterology Abteilung, Essen- Germany

1989-1993: Master degree in internal Medicine, (Damascus University)-Excellent degree

1988-1989: 1 year in Children Hospital, University of Damascus

1982-1988: MD (medicine doctor) from Tishreen university - Excellent degree

Experience:

Mastery Endoscopy – Endoscopic Ultrasound (EUS)

Medical teaching experience and supervising graduate master and PHD theses

Languages:

English (good)

German (very good)

Arabic (native language)

Publications:

1. Ranjous Y, Al Balkhi A, Alahmad N, Asaad A, Ali A. Delayed cystic fibrosis diagnosis due to presumed celiac disease-A case report from Syria. *BMC pediatrics*. 2023;23(1):1-4.
2. Almasri B, Ali A. Role of endoscopic ultrasound elastography in differential diagnosis of pancreatic solid masses. *Qatar Medical Journal*. 2021;2021(2):40.
3. Antaki N, Zeidane N, Alhaj N, et al. HBsAg titers in the different phases of hepatitis B infection in Syrian patients. *Journal of clinical virology*. 2012;53(1):60-64.

4. Antaki N, Haddad M, Kebbewar K, et al. The unexpected discovery of a focus of hepatitis C virus genotype 5 in a Syrian province. *Epidemiology & Infection*. 2009;137(1):79-84.
5. Malekzadeh R, Sachdev A, Ali AF. Coeliac disease in developing countries: middle East, India and North Africa. *Best Practice & Research Clinical Gastroenterology*. 2005;19(3):351-358.
6. Ali AF. Prevalence of gastroesophageal reflux disease in a sample of the Syrian population. *Journal of the Arab Board of Medical Specializations*. 2005;7(3):321-328.
7. Cario E, Runzi M, Becker E, et al. Cholestatic hepatitis induced by trimethoprim plus sulphamethoxazole: Clinical and immunological evidence of an allergic genesis. *DEUTSCHE MEDIZINISCHE WOCHENSCHRIFT*. 1996;121(5):129-132.
8. Ali A, Rünzt M, Rosien U, Goebell H, Layer P. Lichen planus esophagitis with secondary candidiasis: successful combination treatment with ketoconazole and a corticosteroid. *Endoscopy*. 1996;28(05):460-460.
9. Aziz A-a, Faizeh A-q, Ayman A. In-vitro Studying of the Efficacy of Highly Used Antibiotics in Syria for *Helicobacter pylori* Treatment.

Google Scholar: <https://scholar.google.com/citations?user=LJh-rQwAAAAJ&hl=en>

ResearchGate: <https://www.researchgate.net/profile/Ayman-Ali-35>

ORCID: <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-6364-3535>